

A Smart Way to Manage Packages in Yocto Project

Mar 11th, 2016 Fan Xin, Fujitsu Computer Technologies Limited

whoami



- Fan Xin, Fujitsu Computer Technologies Ltd.
- Embedded Linux Developer
- In-House Embedded Linux Distributor of Fujitsu
- Our Distribution includes LTSI Kernel and is built with Yocto Project
- Our Distribution is used for
 - IVI, Server System Controller, Storage System, Network Equipment, Printer, etc.













IVI: In-Vehicle Infotainment

Fujitsu's contribution for Yocto Project



```
meta-openembedded.git
top contributors by employer (2015-01-01 to 2015-12-31)
None
                      625 (46.1%)
Wind River
                      309 (22.8%)
Fujitsu
                      160 (11.8%)
                        82 (6.0%)
Intel
Mentor Graphics
                        34 (2.5%)
O.S. Systems
                        24 (1.8%)
National Instruments
                        19 (1.4%)
Monta Vista
                        16 (1.2%)
OpenDreambox
                         12 (0.9%)
Freescale
                         9 (0.7%)
                         8 (0.6%)
Linaro
ENEA AB
                         5 (0.4%)
                          5 (0.4%)
Leica
                          4 (0.3%)
Aker Security Solutions
BMW
                          3 (0.2%)
```

Agenda



- Package Manager Comparison
- Package Management Problem Analysis in Yocto Project
- Introduction of Smart Package Manager
- Fujitsu's Contribution and Next Step



Package Manager Comparison

Package Manager



Package Manager

- A collection of software tools that automates the process of installing, upgrading, configuring, and removing computer programs
- Deals with packages, distributions of software and data in archive files
- Maintain a database of software dependencies and package information

Common Package Management System

- rpm, deb, ipkg, opkg
- base of package manager

Common Package Managers

- Advanced Packaging Tool (APT)
- Yellowdog Updater Modified (YUM)
- Dandified Yum (DNF)

Advanced Packaging Tool (APT)



- APT (Advanced Packaging Tool)
- The Advanced Package Tool, or APT, is a free software user interface that works with core libraries to handle the installation and removal of software
- Used on Debian Linux distribution and its variants.
- Depends on deb package format
- Works with repositories, which are collections of packages,

Yellowdog Updater Modified (YUM)



- A package manager for automatic install, updates, uninstall package and dependency management.
- Originally developed to manage Red Hat Linux systems at Duke University's Physics department
- Used on RPM-based distributions, such as RedHat
- Yum depends on RPM
- Works with repositories, which are collections of packages,



Dandified Yum (DNF)



- Next generation version of the Yellowdog Updater Modified (yum)
- Using RPM, libsolv and hawkey libraries
- Introduced in Fedora 18 and become the default package manager for Fedora since version 22

Comparison of Package Managers



Items		Apt	Yum	DNF
Latest Version		1.1.10	3.4.3	1.1.4
Cupport	.deb	\checkmark		
Support Package Format	.rpm	√(apt-rpm)	\checkmark	\checkmark
Distribution		Debian Ubuntu	RHEL CentOS Fedora OpenSUSE	Fedora (Since version 22)
License		GNU GPL	GPL v2	GPL v2
Website		www.apt-rpm.org	yum.baseurl.org	dnf.baseurl.org

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Advanced_Packaging_Tool https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Yellowdog_Updater, Modified

Comparison of Package Management Systems

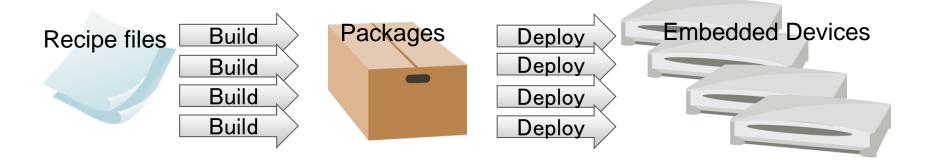


Items	rpm	deb	opkg	ipkg
Check Package License Information	√			
File format	.rpm	.deb .udeb	.ipk	.ipk
Used by OpenEmbedded	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark
Develop Status	Active	Active	Active (fork from ipkg)	Discontinued
License	GPL	GPL	GPL v2	GPL v2
Website	www.rpm.or g	www.debian.org	git.yoctoprojec t.org/cgit/cgit.c gi/opkg/	www.handheld s.org/moin/moi n.cgi/lpkg

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/RPM_Package_Manager https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Deb (file_format) https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Opkg https://ja.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ipkg

Present Situation in Yocto Project





- Flexibility
 - Flex to select package before building
- Efficiency
 - Create root file system, binary packages (rpm, ipkg, opkg)
- Optimization
 - Easy to optimize for each distribution



Package Management Problem Analysis in Yocto Project

Problems





- "Yocto creates a custom one for you"
- The Advantage of custom embedded Linux
- The value of custom
- The balance between custom and minimize fragmentation

Problems



Can not know what package is built due to the packages dependence.

Have to rebuild the root file system every time when have some updates or modifications for some packages.

Produce fragmentation

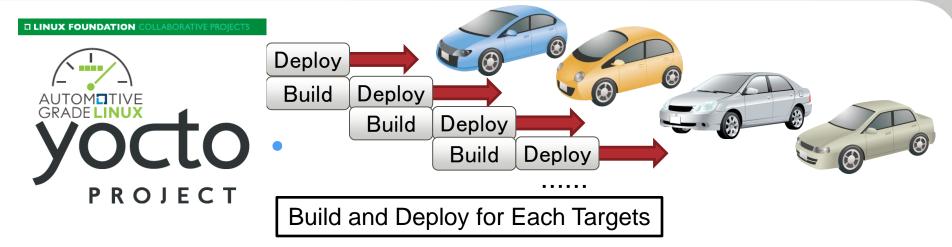
Flexibility: Prefer graphical interface and detailed info

Efficiency: Inefficiency, in some degree

Optimization: Produce fragmentation

Image

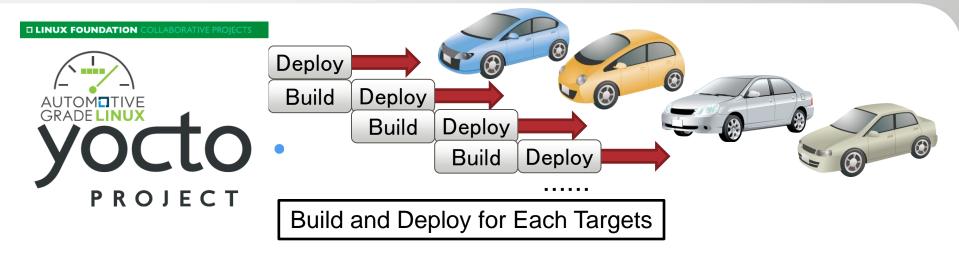




These cars use same architecture and own individual build directory.

Image

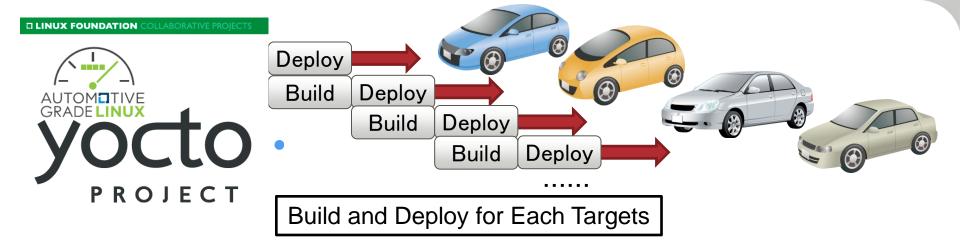


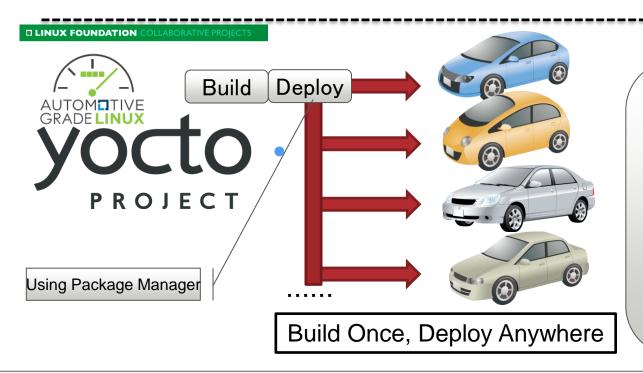




Image







Simulation

Full build time: 5~6 hours

Deploy time: 1 hour

Target Type: 50

Before:

Cost = (5+1)*50=300 hours

After:

Cost = 5+1*50=55 hours

Cost Comparison





Build glibc package and deploy for car A

Build glibc package and deploy for car B

Build glibc package and deploy for car C

Build glibc package and deploy for car A, B, C

- Feb 17th, glibc publics critical security flaw. This vulnerability should be fixed in all targets immediately.
- For each kind of target, the glibc package has to been builded and deployed.

 Simulation

Glibc Build Time: 1 hours Deploy Time: 0.2 hours Device Number: 50 kinds

What we should do



Rebuild the root file system and redeploy them into production every time?

Use the package manager to manage individual package efficiently?





Introduction of Smart Package Manager

Smart Package Manager Overview



- Aim to create smart and portable algorithms for solving adequately the problem of managing software upgrading and installation.
- Homepage: smartpm.github.io/smart
- License: GPL v2
- Works with APT, APT-RPM, YUM, etc.
- Started on May 4th, 2004, and version 1.0 was released on Aug 14th, 2008
- The latest version is 1.5
- Merged into Yocto Project 1.4 (dylan), but unavailable in Yocto Project so far

https://launchpad.net/smart
http://smartpm.github.io/smart/
https://www.yoctoproject.org/blogs/khem/2013/getsmart-smart-package-manager

Features



- Modular
 - Support PRM, DPKG, and Slackware package management systems
- Smart Transactions
 - Thousands of packages and relations are being considered
 - Not only find a solution, but find the best solution (install, remove, upgrade, etc).
- Channels
 - Many different channel types are supported
- Priority Handing
 - Hand integration of multiple channels and setup preferred package versions
- Downloading Mechanism
 - Fast parallel downloading mechanism, multiple connections
- **.**..

Smart Usage



Smart package manager uses the following command to manage packages.

Usage: smart command

- Action commands
 - update, install, reinstall, upgrade, remove, check, fix, download, clean
- Query commands
 - search, query, newer, info, stats
- Setup commands
 - config, channel, priority, mirror flag

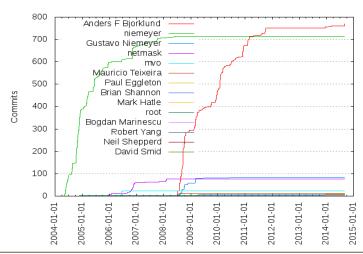
Run "smart command –help" for more information

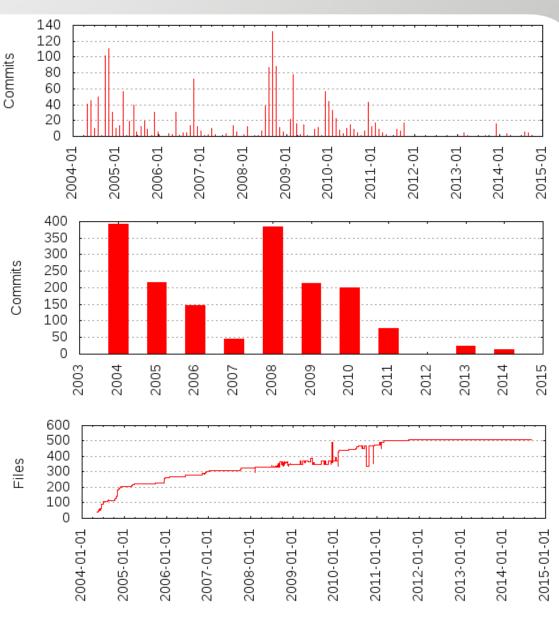
Project Statistics



Statistics about
Commit change by year month
Commit change by year, author
Commit change by author
File change by year

Tag Name	Date	Commits
1.5	2014-09-05	106
1.4	2011-03-03	228
1.3	2010-02-12	479
1.2	2009-03-05	43
1.1	2008-09-09	18
1.0	2008-08-15	836





Problems



Smart still has some problems needed to solve before using it.

Problem #1

- There is bug in the rpm and smart command in default toolchain.
- Send the patch to community to fix it
- http://patchwork.openembedded.org/patch/106097/

■ Problem #2

- Need to configure the environment before using smart, or it can not use normally
- Prepare the script to configure environment automatically

Problems



■ Problem #3

■ Smart Package Manager uses GTK/Qt4 as the graphical framework, but GTK/Qt4 is disabled in toolchain

Develop Text GUI with python to make smart user-friendly and easy to

use

```
Package Installer
                              Select package
       zip-dev
       xz-locale-cs
                         Installed Packages [0] Selected Packages [6613]
    SPACE/ENTER:select/unselect R:seaRch N:Next B:Back I:Info X:eXit
```

Smart Package Manager Usage



Install toolchain

./libc-x86-meta-toolchain-i586-toolchain.sh

Initial environment

. /opt/environment-setup-core2-64-linux

We use this script to finish the environment initialization, such as environment variable setting

- Install package into root file system
 - Command line interface

smart --data-dir =\${rootfs-dir}/var/lib/smart install

Graphical interface

smart --data-dir=\${rootfs-dir}/var/lib/smart --interface=tgui

Select install type



😝 🖨 🗊 root@fujitsu-VirtualBox: /home/fujitsu
Package Installer
Select install type
install all
Busybox base customize
Cosconeze
SPACE/ENTER:select I:Info X:eXit

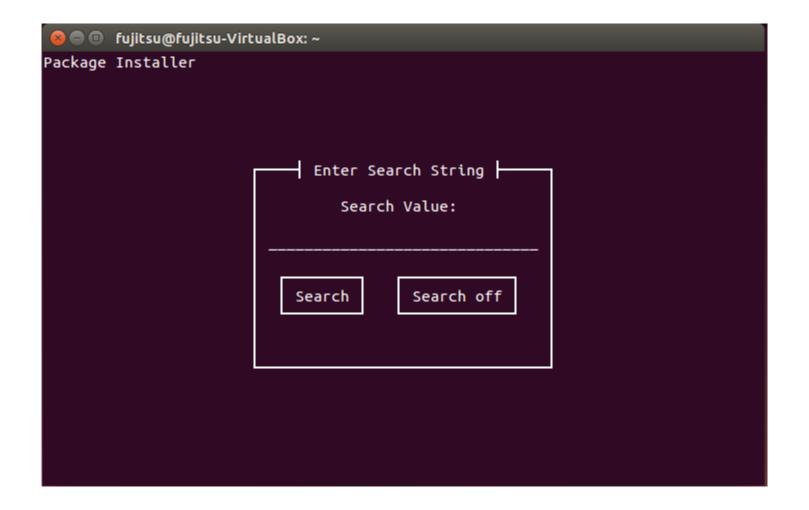
Select packages



```
🙆 🖯 🗊 root@fujitsu-VirtualBox: /home/fujitsu
Package Installer
                                Select package
        bzip2-staticdev
        bzip2-ptest
        bzip2-dev
        bzip2
        byacc-dev
        bvacc
    [*] busybox-udhcpd
       busybox-udhcpc
       busybox-syslog
       busybox-ptest
       busybox-hwclock
       busybox-httpd
    [*] busybox-dev
    All Package [6613] Installed Packages [0] Selected Packages [8]
    SPACE/ENTER:select/unselect R:seaRch N:Next B:Back I:Info X:eXit
```

Search package





Select dbg packages



```
🚫 🖃 🗊 fujitsu@fujitsu-VirtualBox: ~
Package Installer
                          Select debuginfo package
       zip-dbg
        zabbix-dbg
        xz-dbg
        xwud-dbg
        xwininfo-dbg
        xwd-dbg
        xvinfo-dbg
        xtrans-dbg
       xterm-dbg
       xstdcmap-dbg
       xsetroot-dbg
       xsetmode-dbg
       xset-dbg
   All Package [792] Installed Packages [1] Selected Packages [0]
   SPACE/ENTER:select/unselect N:Next B:Back I:Info X:eXit
```

Installing



```
🙆 🖨 📵 root@fujitsu-VirtualBox: /home/fujitsu
7%]
492:Installing glibc-charmap...
                                                                     7%]
493:Installing mc-locale-wa
                                                                     7%]
494:Installing binutils-loca...
                                                                     7%]
                            495:Installing glibc-charmap...
                                                                     7%]
496:Installing glibc-binaries
                                                                     7%]
497:Installing findutils-loc..
                                                                     7%]
498:Installing python-smartp...
                                                                     7%]
499:Installing flex-locale-tr
                                                                     7%]
500:Installing libpopt-local..
                                                                     7%]
501:Installing indent-locale..
                                                                     7%]
502:Installing binutils-loca..
                                                                     7%]
503:Installing sed-locale-ro
                                                                     7%]
504:Installing cracklib-loca..
                                                                     7%]
505:Installing psmisc-locale..
                                                                     7%]
506:Installing gtk+-locale-cs
                                                                     7%]
507:Installing networkmanage..
                                                                     7%]
508:Installing tar-locale-de
                                                                     7%]
509:Installing libglib-2.0-l..
                                                                     7%]
510:Installing tzdata-atlantic
                                                                     7%]
511:Installing libatk-1.0-lo..
                                                                     7%]
512:Installing imsettings-lo...
                                                                     7%]
513:Installing kbd-locale-el
                                                                     7%]
```

Created Root Filesystem



```
fujitsu@fujitsu-VirtualBox: ~
fujitsu@fujitsu-VirtualBox:~$ ls work/smart-rootfs-x86-full-rpm/
     dev home lib
                         media oe_install proc sbin sys
boot etc init linuxrc mnt
                                opt
                                            run
                                                  STV
                                                            var
fujitsu@fujitsu-VirtualBox:~$
```

Demo



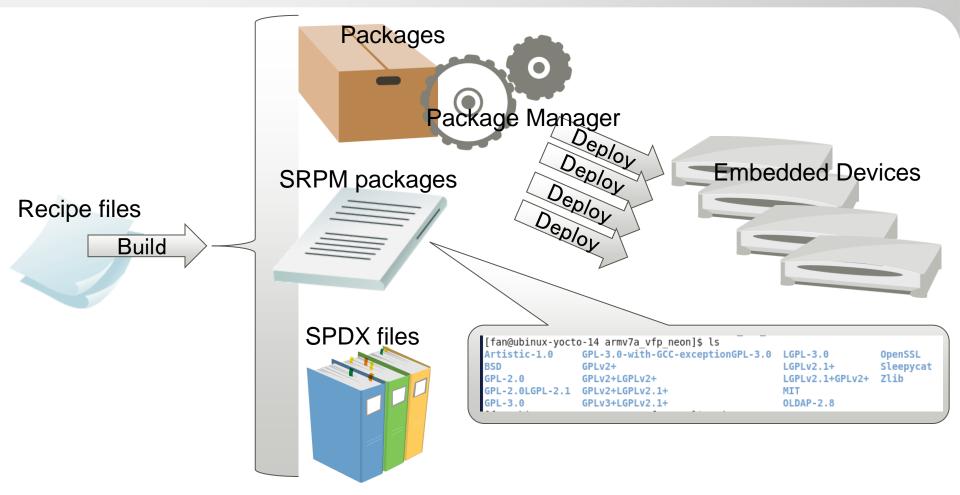




Conclusion and Next Step

License Management





- Accompanied with the package files, SRPM packages and SPDX files are created to manage license information
- SRPM Packages are classified by license type

Community Activity



Send our patches to community, but not accepted

In order to solve the problem, need to active the community again

Patchwork smart/rpm: nativesdk should get RPM_E1 Project: oe-core: patches: project info: other projects Submitter Bian Naimeng Date Oct. 23, 2015, 2:10 a.m. <1445566236-9759-1-git-send-email-biannm@cn.fuiitsu.com> Message ID Download mbox | patch Permalink /patch/106097/ State New Headers show Comments Bian Naimeng - Oct. 23, 2015, 2:10 a.m. The config file of rpm will be installed into SDKTARGETSYSROOT for each architecture, so RPM ETCRPM should be set to SDKTARGETSYSROOT/etc/rpm. Signed-off-by: Bian Naimeng

Siannm@cn.fujitsu.com> meta/recipes-devtools/python/python-smartpm git.bb | 14 ++++++++--meta/recipes-devtools/rpm/rpm 5.4+cvs.bb meta/recipes-devtools/rpm/rpm 5.4.14.bb 3 files changed, 38 insertions(+), 20 deletions(-)

http://patchwork.openembedded.org/patch/106097/

Conclusion

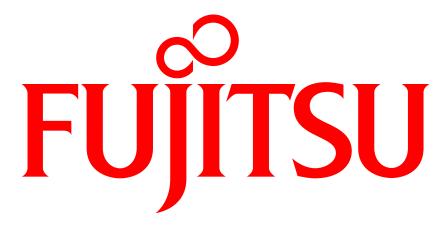


- Summary the current package managers and problems
 - Compare the package managers
 - Introduce package management problem in Yocto Project
 - The package manager is necessary
- Contribution to Ycoto Project
 - Introduce the Smart Package Manager
 - Fix the bugs and make Smart Package Manager easy to use
 - License management
- Not stick to Smart Package Manager, but want to solve package management problem

Next Step



- Continue to make contribution for Yocto Project
 - The interface of Smart is not so smart currently.
 - Fujitsu will improve the interface to make it easier to use.
- Remote access over a network connection like APT, YUM and DNF
- Add the option to create image automatically



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