

U-Boot bootloader port done right – 2018 edition

Marek Vašut <marek.vasut@gmail.com>

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Marek Vasut

- ▶ Software engineer
- ▶ Versatile Linux kernel hacker
- ▶ Custodian at U-Boot bootloader
- ▶ OE-core contributor (Yocto...)
- ▶ FPGA enthusiast

Structure of the talk

- ▶ What is U-Boot bootloader
- ▶ News in U-Boot in 2018
- ▶ U-Boot basics
- ▶ Device Tree and U-Boot
- ▶ U-Boot Driver Model
- ▶ Barebones U-Boot port 101
- ▶ Low-memory system optimization
- ▶ Conclusion

U-Boot bootloader

- ▶ Boot loader
 - ▶ First¹-ish code that runs on a system
 - ▶ Responsible for some HW initialization and starting OS
- ▶ Boot monitor
- ▶ Debug tool

¹There are exceptions, ie. Boot ROMs

U-Boot example

```
1 U-Boot 2017.11 (Nov 19 2017 - 22:43:25 +0100)
2
3 CPU: Renesas Electronics CPU rev 1.0
4 Model: Renesas Salvator-X board based on r8a7795 ES2.0+
5 Board: Salvator-X
6 I2C:   ready
7 DRAM:  3.9 GiB
8 Flash: 64 MiB
9 MMC:   sd@ee100000: 0, sd@ee140000: 1, sd@ee160000: 2
10 In:    serial@e6e88000
11 Out:   serial@e6e88000
12 Err:   serial@e6e88000
13 Net:   eth0: ethernet@e6800000
14 Hit any key to stop autoboot:  0
15 =>
16 => md 0xe6e88000 4
17 e6e88000: 00000000 11111111 00300030 00000000 .....0.0.....
18 =>
```

U-Boot news and highlights – 2018 edition

- ▶ Device Tree control
- ▶ Driver Model conversion
- ▶ EFI support
- ▶ Distro boot command
- ▶ DTO application with fitImage
- ▶ CI

U-Boot sources

- ▶ Git master at:
`http://git.denx.de/?p=u-boot.git;a=summary`
- ▶ Custodian subtrees at:
`http://git.denx.de/?p=u-boot.git;a=forks`
- ▶ Available via Git and HTTP protocols

Building the sources

```
1 $ git clone git://git.denx.de/u-boot.git
2 $ cd u-boot
3 $ export ARCH=plat                # optional, set target architecture
4 $ export CROSS_COMPILE=plat-none- # optional, set cross compiler
5 $ make board_defconfig           # ie. sandbox_defconfig
6 $ make
```

U-Boot source tree structure

- ▶ arch/ – Architecture specific code
 - ▶ arch/nnn/mach-foo – foo CPU specific code
 - ▶ arch/nnn/dts – U-Boot device trees
- ▶ board/ – Board specific code
- ▶ config/ – Per-board U-Boot configurations
- ▶ include/ – Header files for all global things
 - ▶ include/configs/ – Legacy per-board configs
- ▶ drivers/ – U-Boot drivers
- ▶ cmd/ – U-Boot commands
- ▶ common/ lib/ – Common code
- ▶ net/ – Network stack
- ▶ fs/ – Filesystems implementation

Kconfig and Makefile permeate the entire structure

Configuring U-Boot

- ▶ U-Boot uses Kconfig for configuration
- ▶ Some configuration macros still not converted:
./scripts/config_whitelist.txt
- ▶ All new config options are Kconfig-only!
- ▶ Example, drivers/net/Kconfig:

```
1 source "drivers/net/phy/Kconfig"
2
3 config DM_ETH
4     bool "Enable Driver Model for Ethernet drivers"
5     depends on DM
6     help
7         Enable driver model for Ethernet.
8
9         The eth_*() interface will be implemented by the UC_ETH class
10        This is currently implemented in net/eth.c
11        Look in include/net.h for details.
```

- ▶ Example, drivers/net/Makefile:

```
1 obj-$(CONFIG_ALTERA_TSE) += altera_tse.o
2 obj-$(CONFIG_AG7XXX) += ag7xxx.o
```

Adding configuration option

Adding configuration option means

- ▶ Patch matching Kconfig file
- ▶ Patch matching Makefile if applicable
- ▶ Add code.c sources

unless this is a hardware-related configuration

- ▶ Use Device Tree to describe hardware
- ▶ Do NOT hardcode hardware topology into U-Boot

Device Tree

- ▶ Data structure describing hardware
- ▶ Usually passed to OS to provide information about HW topology where it cannot be detected/probed
- ▶ Tree, made of named nodes and properties
 - ▶ Nodes can contain other nodes and properties
 - ▶ Properties are a name-value pair
 - ▶ See https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Device_tree
- ▶ DT can contain cycles by means of phandles
- ▶ More on DT at:
<https://www.devicetree.org/>
- ▶ ePAPR specification of DT:
https://elinux.org/images/c/cf/Power_ePAPR_APPROVED_v1.1.pdf

Device Tree example

```
1 #include <dt-bindings/power/r8a7795-sysc.h>
2 / {
3     model = "Renesas Salvator-X board based on r8a7795 ES2.0+";
4     compatible = "renesas,salvator-x", "renesas,r8a7795";
5     [...]
6     cpus {
7         a57_0: cpu@0 {
8             compatible = "arm,cortex-a57", "arm,armv8";
9             reg = <0x0>;
10            device_type = "cpu";
11            power-domains = <&sysc R8A7795_PD_CA57_CPU0>;
12            next-level-cache = <&L2_CA57>;
13            enable-method = "psci";
14        };
15    [...]
16    soc: soc {
17        pmu_a57 {
18            compatible = "arm,cortex-a57-pmu";
19            interrupts = <GIC_SPI 72 IRQ_TYPE_LEVEL_HIGH>,
20                       <GIC_SPI 73 IRQ_TYPE_LEVEL_HIGH>,
21                       <GIC_SPI 74 IRQ_TYPE_LEVEL_HIGH>,
22                       <GIC_SPI 75 IRQ_TYPE_LEVEL_HIGH>;
23            interrupt-affinity = <&a57_0>, <&a57_1>, <&a57_2>, <&a57_3>;
```

Device Tree in U-Boot

Two ways U-Boot uses DT:

- ▶ Patch DT and pass it to kernel
- ▶ Understand HW topology
 - ▶ CONFIG_OF_CONTROL
 - ▶ U-Boot needs early access to DT!

U-Boot early stages

- ▶ Platform-specific reset vector code
- ▶ crt0.S
- ▶ common/board_f.c
 - ▶ U-Boot running from FLASH
 - ▶ First item is fdtdec_setup()
- ▶ common/board_r.c
 - ▶ U-Boot running from RAM
- ▶ Hint: lib/initcall.c is nice debug aid

U-Boot DT access

- ▶ `fdt_*()` functions in `include/fdt_support.h`
Very rudimentary
- ▶ `fdtdec_*()` functions in `include/fdtdec.h`
Convenience wrappers around `fdt_()` functions
- ▶ `dev_read_*()` functions in `include/dm/read.h`
DM-specific DT access functions
- ▶ Parsing DT by hand can be useful in early stages,
but later we use DM

U-Boot Driver Model

- ▶ Harbinger of order within all the ifdef chaos
- ▶ Consists of:
 - ▶ Classes – Groups of devices which operate the same, ie. GPIO uclass, I2C controller uclass. . .
 - ▶ Drivers – Code which talks to device and presents standard higher-level interface for Class
 - ▶ Devices – Each device with a fitting driver gets an instance

U-Boot DM core

- ▶ Responsible for handling device life-cycle
- ▶ Inherently lazy to reduce boot time
- ▶ Upon init, creates root driver
- ▶ Everything else is under the root driver

U-Boot DM example

```
1 => dm tree
2 Class          Probed  Driver          Name
3 -----
4 root           [ + ]   root_drive     root_driver
5 clk            [ + ]   fixed_rate     |-- extal
6 simple_bus     [ + ]   generic_si     |-- soc
7 gpio           [ ]     rcar-gpio      | |-- gpio@e6051000
8 gpio           [ + ]   rcar-gpio      | |-- gpio@e6052000
9 pinctrl        [ + ]   sh_pfc_pin     | |-- pin-controller@e6060000
10 pinconfig      [ ]     pinconfig      | | |-- scif1
11 pinconfig      [ + ]   pinconfig      | | |-- scif2
12 pinconfig      [ + ]   pinconfig      | | |-- scif_clk
13 pinconfig      [ ]     pinconfig      | | |-- usb1
14 pinconfig      [ ]     pinconfig      | | | |-- mux
15 pinconfig      [ ]     pinconfig      | | | |-- ovc
16 pinconfig      [ ]     pinconfig      | | | `-- pwen
17 pinconfig      [ ]     pinconfig      | | `-- usb2
18 serial         [ ]     serial_sh      | |-- serial@e6e68000
19 serial         [ + ]   serial_sh      | |-- serial@e6e88000
20 usb            [ ]     xhci_rcar      | |-- usb@ee000000
21 usb            [ ]     ehci_gener     | `-- usb@ee0c0100
22 regulator      [ ]     fixed regu     |-- regulator-vbus0-usb2
23 clk            [ ]     fixed_rate     `-- x23-clock
```

U-Boot Driver life-cycle

- ▶ Driver is statically defined by `U_BOOT_DRIVER` macro
- ▶ Upon instantiation, the following are done:
 - ▶ (optional) – Preallocation of private data
 - ▶ `.ofdata_to_platdata` – Convert OF data to platdata
 - ▶ `.bind` – Bind the driver with DM, device not active
 - ▶ `.probe` – Upon first request, device activated
 - ▶ `.remove` – Counterpart to probe
 - ▶ `.unbind` – Counterpart to bind

Porting U-Boot to a new board 101

- ▶ Start small – boot and get serial console
- ▶ But serial console is hard, it needs
 - ▶ clock – we need clock driver
 - ▶ pinmux – we need pinmux driver
 - ▶ serial – we need serial driver
- ▶ Most parts can be done separately

Starting new port

- ▶ Populate `arch/foo/mach-bar` if applicable
 - ▶ Add DTS to `arch/foo/dts/`
 - ▶ Add at least one board
- ▶ Populate `board/mymfg/myboard` if applicable
 - ▶ Add `configs/myboard_defconfig`
 - ▶ Add `include/configs/myboard.h`
 - ▶ Add `board/mymfg/myboard/Kconfig`
 - ▶ Add `board/mymfg/myboard/Makefile`
 - ▶ Add `board/mymfg/myboard/myboard.c`
 - ▶ Add `arch/foo/mach-bar/Kconfig` entry
- ▶ For arch and board specific hooks, see:
`common/board_f.c` and `common/board_r.c`
- ▶ Most of the code should be in `drivers/`

U-Boot DM serial driver

```
1 U_BOOT_DRIVER(serial_sh) = {
2     .name  = "serial_sh",
3     .id    = UCLASS_SERIAL,
4     .ops   = &sh_serial_ops,
5
6     .of_match = of_match_ptr(sh_serial_id),
7
8     .probe = sh_serial_probe,
9     .priv_auto_alloc_size = sizeof(struct uart_port),
10
11    .ofdata_to_platdata =
12        of_match_ptr(sh_serial_ofdata_to_platdata),
13    .platdata_auto_alloc_size =
14        sizeof(struct sh_serial_platdata),
15
16    .flags = DM_FLAG_PRE_RELOC,
17 };
```

U-Boot DM serial driver II

DT matching is done for you!

```
1 static const struct udevice_id sh_serial_id[] ={
2     {.compatible = "renesas,sci", .data = PORT_SCI},
3     {.compatible = "renesas,scif", .data = PORT_SCIF},
4     {.compatible = "renesas,scifa", .data = PORT_SCIFA},
5     {}
6 };
7 static int sh_serial_ofdata_to_platdata(struct udevice *dev)
8 {
9     struct sh_serial_platdata *plat = dev_get_platdata(dev);
10 [...]
11     addr = fdtdec_get_addr(gd->fdt_blob, dev_of_offset(dev), "reg");
12     if (addr == FDT_ADDR_T_NONE)
13         return -EINVAL;
14     plat->base = addr;
15 [...]
16 }
17 U_BOOT_DRIVER(serial_sh) = {
18     .of_match = of_match_ptr(sh_serial_id),
19     .ofdata_to_platdata = of_match_ptr(sh_serial_ofdata_to_platdata),
20     .platdata_auto_alloc_size = sizeof(struct sh_serial_platdata),
21 };
```

U-Boot DM serial driver III

Serial ops, getc, putc, etc...

```
1 static int sh_serial_getc(struct udevice *dev)
2 {
3     struct uart_port *priv = dev_get_priv(dev);
4
5     return sh_serial_getc_generic(priv);
6 }
7
8 static const struct dm_serial_ops sh_serial_ops = {
9     .putc = sh_serial_putc,
10    .pending = sh_serial_pending,
11    .getc = sh_serial_getc,
12    .setbrg = sh_serial_setbrg,
13 };
14
15 U_BOOT_DRIVER(serial_sh) = {
16     .ops = &sh_serial_ops,
17 };
```

Early serial console

Sometimes serial is needed before DM is available:

- ▶ Special-purpose code allowing very early prints
- ▶ Special-purpose custom print functions:
 - ▶ `printch()`, `printascii()`, `printhex2()`...
- ▶ `CONFIG_DEBUG_UART=y`
- ▶ Resides in `include/debug_uart.h`

U-Boot early serial console with DM

See ie. drivers/serial/serial_ar933x.c :

```
1 #ifdef CONFIG_DEBUG_UART_AR933X
2 #include <debug_uart.h>
3
4 static inline void _debug_uart_init(void)
5 {
6     [...]
7     writel(val, regs + AR933X_UART_CLK_REG);
8 }
9 static inline void _debug_uart_putc(int c)
10 {
11     void __iomem *regs = (void *)CONFIG_DEBUG_UART_BASE;
12     u32 data;
13
14     do {
15         data = readl(regs + AR933X_UART_DATA_REG);
16     } while (!(data & AR933X_UART_DATA_TX_CSR));
17
18     data = (u32)c | AR933X_UART_DATA_TX_CSR;
19     writel(data, regs + AR933X_UART_DATA_REG);
20 }
21 DEBUG_UART_FUNCS
22 #endif
```

Clock framework

Clock provider:

- ▶ uses `UCLASS_CLK`
- ▶ implements `clk_ops` to enable/disable/get/set clock
- ▶ Resides in `include/clk-uclass.h`

Clock consumer:

- ▶ Uses `clk_*`() clock framework functions

U-Boot clock consumer

SH UART driver consumes clock:

```
1 [...]
2     struct sh_serial_platdata *plat = dev_get_platdata(dev);
3     struct clk sh_serial_clk;
4     int ret;
5 [...]
6     ret = clk_get_by_name(dev, "fck", &sh_serial_clk);
7     if (!ret) {
8         ret = clk_enable(&sh_serial_clk);
9         if (!ret)
10            plat->clk = clk_get_rate(&sh_serial_clk);
11                "clock", 1);
12 [...]

```

Pinctrl framework

- ▶ One framework handles two roles
- ▶ uses `UCLASS_PINCTRL`
- ▶ implements `pinctrl_ops` to configure pins
- ▶ operates per-pin, per-group, per-function
- ▶ PINMUX – configures pin multiplexing
- ▶ PINCONF – configures pin properties (voltage, pull, . . .)

Pinctrl consumer:

- ▶ Can select pin configuration from multiple options
- ▶ DM sets default pin configuration based on DT
- ▶ Useful ie. when selecting eMMC IO voltage

U-Boot pinctrl consumer

DT node lists two possible pin configurations:

```
1 &sdhi0 {
2     pinctrl-0 = <&sdhi0_pins>;
3     pinctrl-1 = <&sdhi0_pins_uhs>;
4     pinctrl-names = "default", "state_uhs";
5 }
```

Uniphier SD driver sets IO voltage:

```
1 static void uniphier_sd_set_pins(struct udevice *dev)
2 {
3     struct uniphier_sd_priv *priv = dev_get_priv(dev);
4     struct mmc *mmc = mmc_get_mmc_dev(dev);
5     [...]
6     if (mmc->signal_voltage == MMC_SIGNAL_VOLTAGE_180)
7         pinctrl_select_state(dev, "state_uhs");
8     else
9         pinctrl_select_state(dev, "default");
10 }
```

Other frameworks

- ▶ Block layer is fully DM capable
- ▶ MTD layer needs DM conversion
- ▶ DM can trigger size limits!

Low-memory systems

U-Boot SPL – Secondary Program Loader

- ▶ Reduced U-Boot build which loads subsequent payload: U-Boot, Linux (falcon mode), ...
- ▶ May be very board specific
- ▶ DM support is optional
- ▶ DT support is optional
- ▶ Special CONFIG_SPL_* Kconfig options
 - ▶ Allow controlling what goes into SPL vs U-Boot

U-Boot TPL – Tertiary Program Loader

- ▶ If SPL is too big, TPL loads SPL
- ▶ Full-on custom solution
- ▶ Try to avoid this
- ▶ For TPL, CONFIG_TPL_* also exists

DT compaction

Standard DT blob is too big

- ▶ Unused nodes can be removed
 - ▶ Done for U-Boot SPL by default
 - ▶ Nodes with special DT property are retained:
u-boot, dm-pre-reloc
 - ▶ LibFDT has fdtgrep tool for this
 - ▶ Same marker used for drivers that must be started early
- ▶ Driver instantiation with platform data
 - ▶ DT nodes replaced with C structures linked with U-Boot
 - ▶ Useful in size-limited U-Boot SPL
 - ▶ LibFDT support can be dropped from SPL
(saves quite a bit of .text area)

Conclusion

- ▶ Use DT and DM in new U-Boot ports
- ▶ Reuse code and drivers as much as possible
- ▶ Read the documentation, see `doc/`
- ▶ Submit patches
- ▶ Reach out to U-Boot community for help:
IRC: `irc.freenode.net #u-boot`
ML: `u-boot@lists.denx.de`

The End

Thank you for your attention!

Contact: Marek Vasut <marek.vasut@gmail.com>